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IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA
RICHMOND DIVISION

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In re: : Chapter 11
:
CIRCUIT CITY STORES, INC., : Case No. 08-35653 (KRH)
et al., :
:
Debtors. : Jointly Administered
- - - - - x

**DEBTORS' SIXTH OMNIBUS MOTION FOR ORDER PURSUANT TO
BANKRUPTCY CODE SECTIONS 105(a), 365(a) AND 554 AND
BANKRUPTCY RULE 6006 AUTHORIZING REJECTION OF CERTAIN
UNEXPIRED LEASES OF NONRESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY AND
ABANDONMENT OF PERSONAL PROPERTY**

The debtors and debtors in possession in the
above-captioned jointly administered cases (collectively,

the "Debtors")¹ hereby submit this motion (the "Motion") for entry of an order, pursuant to sections 105(a), 365(a) and 554 of title 11 of the United States Code (the "Bankruptcy Code") and Rule 6006 of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure (the "Bankruptcy Rules"), authorizing the Debtors to (i) reject certain unexpired leases of real property, including any amendments, modifications or subleases thereto, as set forth on the attached Exhibit A (collectively, the "Leases"), and any guaranties thereof and (ii) abandon any equipment, furniture or fixtures located at the premises covered by the Leases (the "Premises"). In support of the Motion, the Debtors respectfully represent:

¹ The Debtors and the last four digits of their respective taxpayer identification numbers are as follows: Circuit City Stores, Inc. (3875), Circuit City Stores West Coast, Inc. (0785), InterTAN, Inc. (0875), Ventoux International, Inc. (1838), Circuit City Purchasing Company, LLC (5170), CC Aviation, LLC (0841), CC Distribution Company of Virginia, Inc. (2821), Circuit City Properties, LLC (3353), Kinzer Technology, LLC (2157), Abbott Advertising Agency, Inc. (4659), Patapsco Designs, Inc. (6796), Sky Venture Corp. (0311), Prahs, Inc. (n/a), XSStuff, LLC (9263), Mayland MN, LLC (6116), Courchevel, LLC (n/a), Orbyx Electronics, LLC (3360), and Circuit City Stores PR, LLC (5512). The address for Circuit City Stores West Coast, Inc. is 9250 Sheridan Boulevard, Westminster, Colorado 80031. For all other Debtors, the address is 9950 Mayland Drive, Richmond, Virginia 23233.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

1. This Court has jurisdiction to consider this Motion under 28 U.S.C. §§ 157 and 1334. This is a core proceeding under 28 U.S.C. § 157(b). Venue of these cases and this Motion in this district is proper under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1408 and 1409.

2. The statutory predicates for the relief requested herein are Bankruptcy Code sections 105(a), 365(a) and 554 and Bankruptcy Rule 6006.

BACKGROUND

3. On November 10, 2008 (the "Petition Date"), the Debtors filed voluntary petitions in this Court for relief under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code.

4. The Debtors continue to manage and operate their businesses as debtors in possession pursuant to Bankruptcy Code sections 1107 and 1108.

5. On November 12, 2008, the Office of the United States Trustee for the Eastern District of Virginia appointed a statutory committee of unsecured creditors (the "Creditors' Committee"). To date, no trustee or examiner has been appointed in these chapter 11 cases.

6. On January 16, 2009, the Court authorized the Debtors, among other things, to conduct going out of business sales at the Debtors' remaining 567 stores pursuant to an agency agreement (the "Agency Agreement") between the Debtors and a joint venture, as agent (the "Agent"). On January 17, 2009, the Agent commenced going-out-of-business sales pursuant to the Agency Agreement at the Debtors' remaining stores.

RELIEF REQUESTED

7. By this Motion, the Debtors request the entry of an order under Bankruptcy Code sections 105(a) and 365(a) and Bankruptcy Rule 6006 authorizing the Debtors to reject the Leases and any guaranties thereof.

8. The Debtors are currently performing their review, evaluation, and marketing of other unexpired leases and subleases that are not the subject of this Motion. As this process continues, the Debtors may identify additional leases to be assumed or rejected. Accordingly, the Debtors reserve the right to seek to assume or reject additional leases in the future. This Motion should not be construed as a determination that

any leases not listed herein are to be assumed or rejected.

9. The Debtors further seek authority under Bankruptcy Code sections 105 and 554 to abandon any equipment, furniture or fixtures located at the Premises (the "Abandoned Property").

BASIS FOR RELIEF

10. In an effort to avoid any unnecessary postpetition administrative costs and in the exercise of the Debtors' sound business judgment, the Debtors hereby move to reject the Leases.

11. The Leases are comprised of property at which the Debtors stored and distributed a variety of consumer electronics and entertainment software and at which the Debtors are conducting sales of furniture, fixtures and equipment ("FF&E") pursuant to the Court's Order Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code Sections 105 and 363 (I) Authorizing Debtors to Enter Into an Agreement in Connection With Sale of Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment, Subject to Higher or Otherwise Better Proposals; (II) Approving Sale of Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment Free and Clear of all Interests; and (III)

Granting Related Relief (D.I. 2241)(such sales, the "FF&E Sales"). The Debtors are concluding the FF&E Sales on March 21, 2009 and, thereafter, will have no need for the Premises.

12. As the Debtors will no longer occupy the Premises subject to the Leases as of March 21, 2009, the Debtors seek to reject the Distribution Center Leases as of March 21, 2009.

13. Each of the Leases is listed on Exhibit A, attached hereto, along with the name of the lessor thereunder.

14. Through the rejection of the Leases, the Debtors will be relieved from paying rent, as well as other costs, including taxes, insurance, maintenance and other related charges associated with the Leases. Currently, the Debtors have no operations in certain of the leased facilities and, upon conclusion of the FF&E Sales, will have no other productive use for the Premises. However, the Debtors may be obligated to pay rent under certain of the Leases. Thus, by rejecting the Leases at this time, the Debtors will avoid incurring unnecessary administrative charges for

facilities that provide no tangible benefit to the Debtors' estates. The resulting savings from the rejection of the Leases will increase the Debtors' future cash flow and assist the Debtors in managing their estates.

15. The Debtors have analyzed each of the Leases to determine the appropriate date of rejection. The Debtors have concluded that, in order to minimize unnecessary potential costs to the estate, the Leases should be rejected as of March 21, 2009 (the "Rejection Date"). The Debtors in each case have vacated or will vacate the properties that are covered by the Leases, and, to the extent applicable, have turned over or will turn over to the lessors the keys to the Premises as of the Rejection Date.

16. In considering their options with respect to the Leases, the Debtors have determined in their business judgment that the costs associated with assuming the Leases would be substantial and would constitute an unnecessary drain on the Debtors' cash resources. Based on this analysis, the Debtors believe that the Leases provide no value to the Debtors' estates

and that there remains no viable possibility other than rejection of the Leases.

17. Additionally, the Debtors have determined that the abandonment of the Abandoned Property is appropriate because such property is of inconsequential value and/or the cost of removing and storing such property exceeds its value to the Debtors' estates. Moreover, the Debtors believe that the Abandoned Property is no longer necessary for the operation of the Debtors' businesses.

18. Accordingly, the Debtors believe that rejection of the Leases and any guaranties thereof and abandonment of the Abandoned Property as of the Rejection Date is in the best interests of their estates, their creditors, and other parties in interest.

APPLICABLE AUTHORITY

I. REJECTION OF THE LEASES IS A SOUND EXERCISE OF THE DEBTORS' BUSINESS JUDGMENT.

19. Bankruptcy Code section 365(a) provides that a debtor, "subject to the court's approval, may assume or reject any executory contract or unexpired lease." 11 U.S.C. § 365(a). A debtor's determination

to reject an executory contract is governed by the "business judgment" standard. See Lubrizol Enterprises, Inc. v. Richmond Metal Finishers, Inc., 756 F.2d 1043, 1046-47 (4th Cir. 1985), cert. denied sub nom., Lubrizol Enters., Inc. v. Canfield, 475 U.S. 1057 (1986); In re Extraction Technologies of VA, L.L.C., 296 B.R. 393, 399 (Bankr. E.D. Va. 2001); see also In re HQ Global Holdings, Inc., 290 B.R. 507, 511 (Bankr. D. Del. 2003) (stating that a debtor's decision to reject an executory contract is governed by the business judgment standard and can only be overturned if the decision was the product of bad faith, whim, or caprice).

20. Once the Debtors articulate a valid business justification, "[t]he business judgment rule 'is a presumption that in making a business decision the directors of a corporation acted on an informed basis, in good faith and in the honest belief that the action taken was in the best interests of the company.'" Official Comm. Of Subordinated Bondholders v. Integrated Res., Inc., 147 B.R. 650, 656 (S.D.N.Y. 1992) (quoting Smith v. Van Gorkom, 488 A.2d 858, 872 (Del. 1985)).

21. The business judgment rule has vitality in chapter 11 cases and shields a debtor's management from judicial second-guessing. See Comm. Of Asbestos-Related Litigants and/or Creditors v. Johns-Manville Corp., 60 B.R. 612, 615-16 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. 1986) ("[T]he Code favors the continued operation of a business by a debtor and a presumption of reasonableness attaches to a debtor's management decisions.").

22. As set forth above, the Debtors have satisfied the "business judgment" standard for rejecting the Leases. The Leases are financially burdensome and unnecessary to the Debtors' ongoing operations and business. Rejection of the Leases is in the Debtors' best interests because the Debtors are not and are not intending to conduct operations at the Premises. Moreover, the Debtors have reviewed the Leases and have determined that the Leases do not have any marketable value beneficial to the Debtors' estates. As such, the Leases provide no economic benefit to the Debtors, nor are such Leases a source of potential value for the Debtors' estates and creditors. Accordingly, rejection

of the Leases reflects the exercise of the Debtors' sound business judgment.

23. In summary, the Debtors believe that the proposed rejection of the Leases is tailored to minimize administrative expenses, maximize distributions to creditors in these chapter 11 cases, and return control of real property to the lessors quickly. In the exercise of their sound business judgment, the Debtors thus seek authority to reject the Leases.

24. Numerous courts, including those in this district, have authorized similar relief. See, e.g., In re Movie Gallery, Inc., et al., Case No. 07-33849 (Bankr. E.D. Va. Oct. 17, 2007); In re Storehouse, Inc., Case No. 06-11144 (Bankr. E.D. Va. Nov. 21, 2006); In re Rowe Furniture, Inc., Case No. 06-11143 (Bankr. E.D. Va. Nov. 21, 2006); In re The Rowe Cos., Case No. 06-11142 (Bankr. E.D. Va. Nov. 21, 2006); In re US Airways Group, Inc., Case No. 02-83984 (Bankr. E.D. Va. Aug. 12, 2002).

II. THE BANKRUPTCY CODE AUTHORIZES THE ABANDONMENT OF THE ABANDONED PROPERTY.

25. Bankruptcy Code section 554(a) provides that "[a]fter notice and a hearing, the trustee may

abandon any property of the estate that is burdensome to the estate or that is of inconsequential value and benefit to the estate." 11 U.S.C. § 554(a). Courts give debtors in possession great deference to their decisions to abandon under section 554. See In re Vel Rey Props., Inc., 174 B.R. 859, 867 (Bankr. D.D.C. 1994) ("Clearly, the court should give deference to the trustee's judgment in such matters."). Unless the property is harmful to the public, once the debtors in possession have shown that the property is burdensome or of inconsequential value and benefit, the court should approve the abandonment. Id. at 868.

26. The Debtors believe that the costs of moving and storing the Abandoned Property would far outweigh any benefit to their estates. Moreover, the Debtors believe that any efforts to move the Abandoned Property would unnecessarily delay the rejection of the Leases. Therefore, it is in the Debtors' best interests to abandon the Abandoned Property located at the Premises.

27. Numerous courts, including those in this district, have authorized similar relief. See, e.g., In

re Movie Gallery, Inc., et al., Case No. 07-33849 (Bankr. E.D. Va. Oct. 17, 2007); In re The Rowe Cos., Case No. 06-11142 (Bankr. E.D. Va. Nov. 21, 2006).

NOTICE

28. Notice of this Motion has been provided to those parties entitled to notice under this Court's Order Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code Sections 102 and 105, Bankruptcy Rules 2002 and 9007, and Local Bankruptcy Rules 2002-1 and 9013-1 Establishing Certain Notice, Case Management, and Administrative Procedures (D.I. 130) and to all lessors under the Leases. The Debtors submit that, under the circumstances, no other or further notice need be given.

WAIVER OF MEMORANDUM OF LAW

29. Pursuant to Local Bankruptcy Rule 9013-1(G), and because there are no novel issues of law presented in the Motion and all applicable authority is set forth in the Motion, the Debtors request that the requirement that all motions be accompanied by a separate memorandum of law be waived.

NO PRIOR REQUEST

30. No previous request for the relief sought herein has been made to this Court or any other court.

CONCLUSION

WHEREFORE, the Debtors respectfully request that the Court enter an Order, substantially in the form of the Proposed Order annexed hereto, granting the relief requested in the Motion and such other and further relief as may be just and proper.

Dated: March 20, 2009
Richmond, Virginia

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EXHIBIT A

(Unexpired Leases of Real Property)

EXHIBIT A
Unexpired Leases of Real Property

Store #	Location Name	Landlord
344	Livermore Distribution Center	Gould Livermore, LLC
379	Walnut Distribution Center	Catellus Development Corporation
755	Marion Distribution Center	CCDC Marion Portfolio, L.P.
775	Orlando Distribution Center	Cole CC Groveland FL, LLC